

## **FortiSIEM – Fixing Parsers**

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**Date: 03/10/2017**

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## 1.1 Version History

Version	Date	Revision History	Author
1.0	03/10/2017	First Version	Rolando Antón

## 2 Introduction

### 2.1 Issue Identification

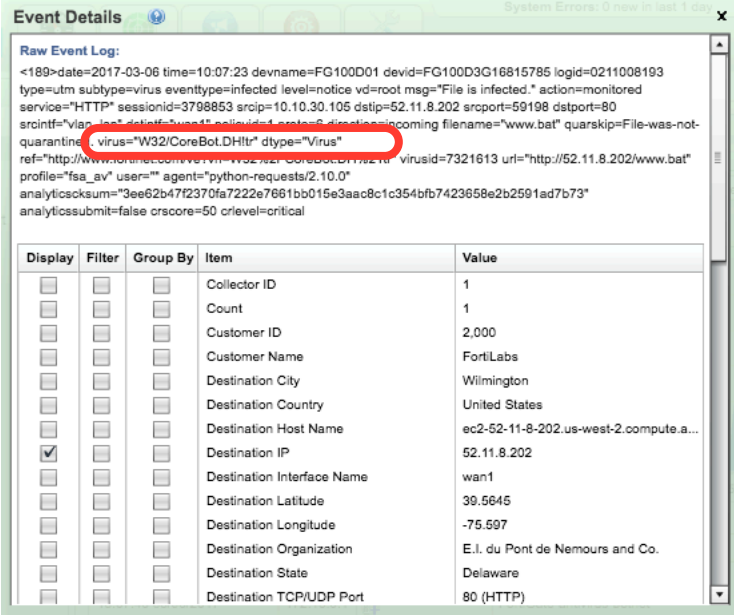
While investigating FortiGate events on the FortiSIEM and trying to create new reports based on the malware name and type found by FortiGate, we were not able to do it. We double check and found that those details are available on the log sent by FortiGate, however this info wasn't identified by the parser. The evidence below:

Go to: **Analytics > Historical Search:**

Structured Search:

**Event Type = FortiGate-antivirus-infected-file-detect**

When we select one of the records matched:



The screenshot shows the 'Event Details' window in FortiSIEM. The 'Raw Event Log' section contains the following text:

```
<189>date=2017-03-06 time=10:07:23 devname=FG100D01 devid=FG100D3G16815785 logid=0211008193
type=utm subtype=virus eventtype=infected level=notice vd=root msg="File is infected." action=monitored
service="HTTP" sessionid=3798853 srcip=10.10.30.105 dstip=52.11.8.202 srcport=59198 dstport=80
srcintf="vlan_10" dstintf="wan1" srcnat="10.10.30.105" dstnat="52.11.8.202" incoming filename="www.bat" quarantine=
virus="W32/CoreBot.DH/tr" dtype="Virus"
ref="http://www.oninet.com/ver/m/v32/w32/corebot.dh/tr" virusid=7321613 url="http://52.11.8.202/www.bat"
profile="fsa_av" user="" agent="python-requests/2.10.0"
analyticscksum="3ee62b47f2370fa7222e7661bb015e3aac8c1c354bfb7423658e2b2591ad7b73"
analyticssubmit=false crscore=50 orlevel=critical
```

The 'virus="W32/CoreBot.DH/tr" dtype="Virus"' line is circled in red. Below the log is a table with columns 'Display', 'Filter', 'Group By', 'Item', and 'Value'.

Display	Filter	Group By	Item	Value
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Collector ID	1
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Count	1
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Customer ID	2,000
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Customer Name	FortiLabs
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Destination City	Wilmington
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Destination Country	United States
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Destination Host Name	ec2-52-11-8-202.us-west-2.compute.a...
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Destination IP	52.11.8.202
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Destination Interface Name	wan1
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Destination Latitude	39.5645
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Destination Longitude	-75.597
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Destination Organization	E.I. du Pont de Nemours and Co.
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Destination State	Delaware
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Destination TCP/UDP Port	80 (HTTP)

Even when we review all the parsed fields of the event, we can't find a field with the virus name or type as provided by the raw log.

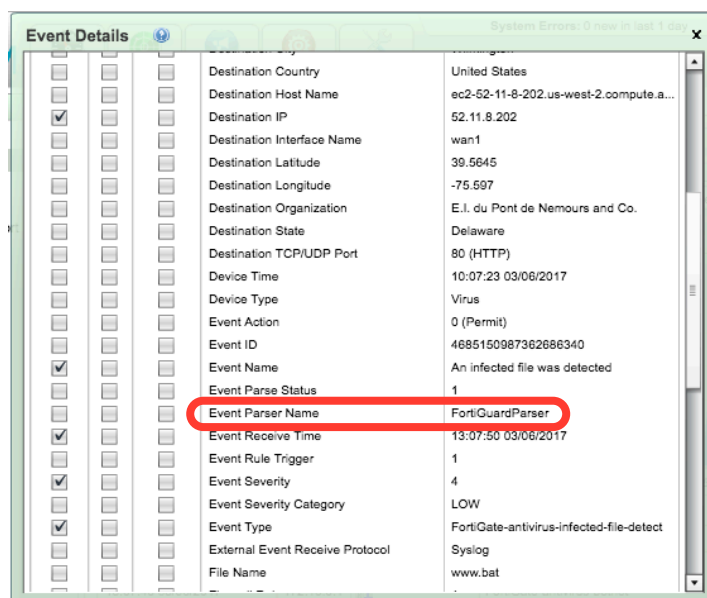
### 2.2 Impact

Because of this we can't create detailed reports like by example, top malware and with the information of source and destination IP.

## 3 Solution

### 3.1 Identify the parser

From the event details if you scroll the details you will find a field related to it labeled as “Event Parser Name”:



We are going to also keep a copy of the raw event:

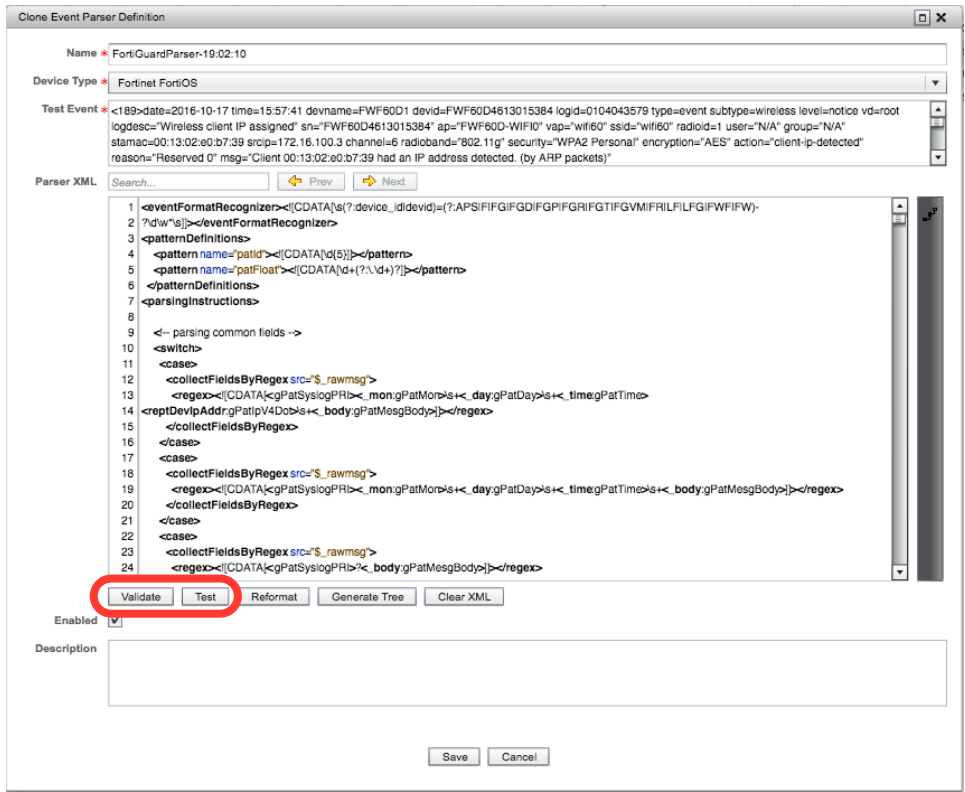
```
<189>date=2017-03-06 time=10:07:23 devname=FG100D01 devid=FG100D3G16815785  
logid=0211008193 type=utm subtype=virus eventtype=infected level=notice vd=root msg="File is infected."  
action=monitored service="HTTP" sessionid=3798853 srcip=10.10.30.105 dstip=52.11.8.202  
srcport=59198 dstport=80 srcintf="vlan_lan" dstintf="wan1" policvid=1 proto=6 direction=incoming  
filename="www.bat" quarskip=File-was-not-quarantined. virus="W32/CoreBot.DH!tr" dtype="Virus"  
ref="http://www.fortinet.com/ve?vn=W32%2FCoreBot.DH%21tr" virusid=7321613  
url="http://52.11.8.202/www.bat" profile="fsa_av" user="" agent="python-requests/2.10.0"  
analyticscksum="3ee62b47f2370fa7222e7661bb015e3aac8c1c354bfb7423658e2b2591ad7b73"  
analyticssubmit=false crscore=50 crlevel=critical
```

### 3.2 Parser Modification

#### 3.2.1 Clone Current Parser

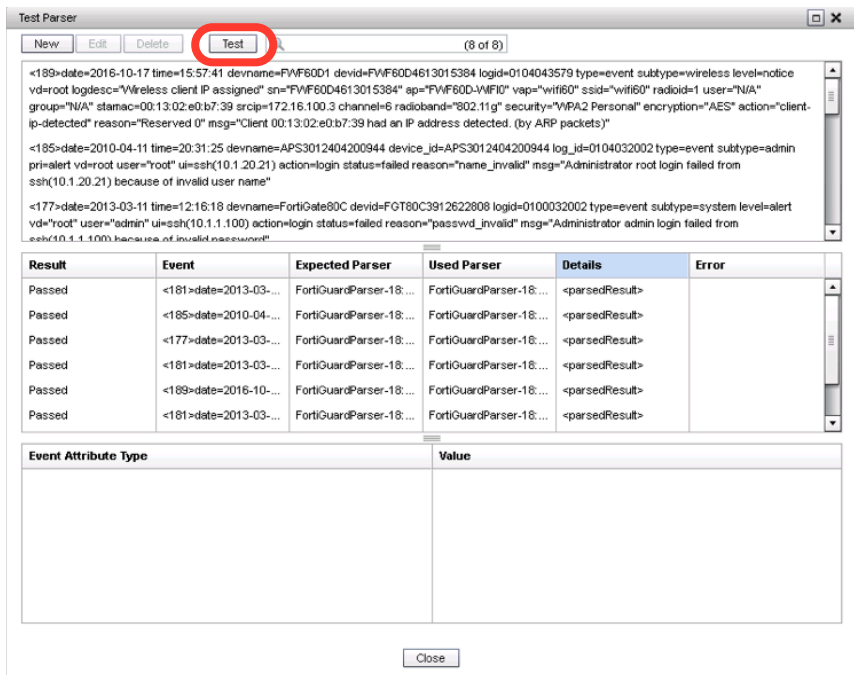
Go to: **Admin > Device Support > Parsers**

Use the find box for find “FortiGuardParser”. Before clone it, we must first disable it, just select the item and use the “disable” option, after that select the “Clone” option, you will get the following window:



Before start anything, we are going to save the cloned parser so it can continue working with new events. For do that we must first select the following options:

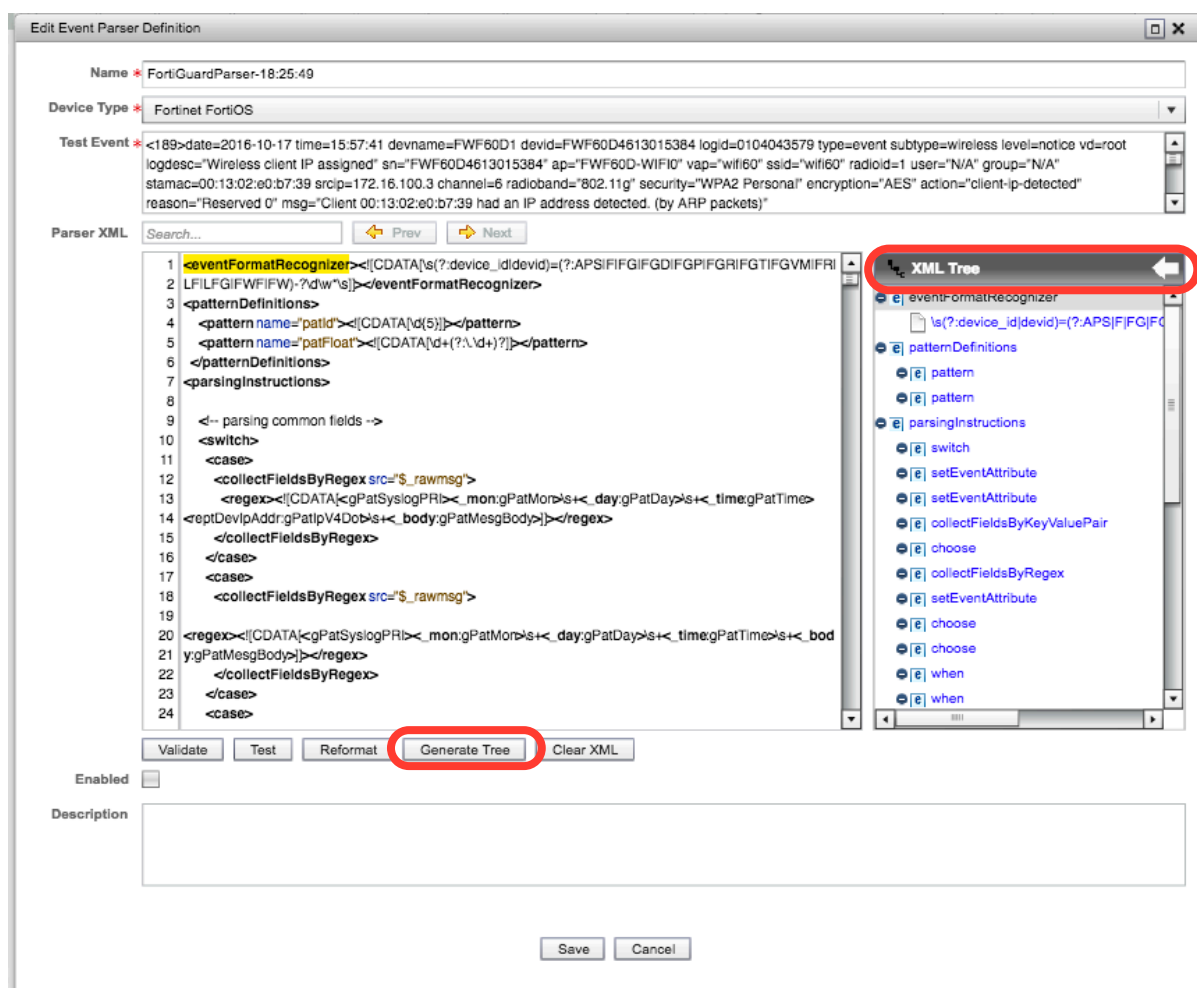
1. Select the “Validate” option and wait for confirmation that there is no error.
2. Select the “Test” option, and then “Test” again, you will get this window:



Once you are back to the Parser Definition window, don't forget to leave the "Enabled" checkbox selected, then save.

### 3.2.2 Edit Cloned Parser

Select the new cloned parser, and then select "Edit". On the right of the XML code there is a grey bar, just click on it for see the "XML Tree". Now select the option "Generate Tree" and then "Show XML Tree", you will get this screen:



For understand the structure of the XML is better to reference this document:

<https://accelops.atlassian.net/wiki/display/docdev/Event+Parser+XML+Specification>

This is also a good read:

<https://accelops.atlassian.net/wiki/display/docdev/Creating+a+Custom+Parser>

As we are not building a parser from scratch, we need to check if some requirements already exist like:

- Event Types
- Event Attributes Types

Using the keyword “virus” we found that the “Event Attribute Type” already exist:

Name	Display Name	Value Type	Display Format Type	Description
virdbVer	Virus Database Version	STRING		
avenVer	Anti-Virus Extension Database Ver...	STRING		
virusName	Malware Name	STRING		
virusType	Malware Type	STRING		
virusAction	Malware Action	STRING		
virusQuarantStatus	Malware Quarantine Status	STRING		

We can define the following info related to the event:

- Event Type:
  - o FortiGate-antivirus-infected-file-detect
- Event Attributes Types:
  - o virusName
  - o virusType

After read and better understand the current parser, we found that the “collectFieldsByKeyValuePair” has a list of the fields processed, and we also found that the virusName and virusType fields doesn’t exist in the list.

The screenshot shows the 'Edit Event Parser Definition' window in FortiGate. The 'Name' field is 'FortiGuardParser-18:25:49' and the 'Device Type' is 'Fortinet FortiOS'. The 'Test Event' field contains a sample log message. The 'Parser XML' field shows the following code:

```

22 body: gPatMsgBody]]} </regex>
23 </collectFieldsByRegex>
24 </case>
25 <case>
26 <collectFieldsByRegex src="$rawmsg">
27 <regex> <[CDATA[<:gPatSyslogPRD?<_body: gPatMsgBody]]> </regex>
28 </collectFieldsByRegex>
29 </case>
30 </switch>
31 <setEventAttribute attr="eventType">FortiGate-Generic</setEventAttribute>
32 <setEventAttribute attr="totalFlows">1</setEventAttribute>
33
34 <collectFieldsByKeyValuePair kvsep=" " sep=" " src="$body">
35 <attrKeyMap attr="sessionId" key="session_id"/>
36 <attrKeyMap attr="httpUserAgent" key="agent"/>
37 <attrKeyMap attr="encryptAlgo" key="encryption"/>
38 <attrKeyMap attr="wlanRadioId" key="radioId"/>
39 <attrKeyMap attr="profileDetails" key="profile"/>
40 <attrKeyMap attr="deviceType" key="dtype"/>
41 <attrKeyMap attr="fileName" key="filename"/>
42 <attrKeyMap attr="_action" key="action"/>
43 <attrKeyMap attr="appGroupName" key="app_cat"/>
44 <attrKeyMap attr="appGroupName" key="appcat"/>
45 <attrKeyMap attr="nepDevName" key="ap"/>
46 <attrKeyMap attr="appName" key="app"/>

```

The 'XML Tree' view on the right shows a list of nodes, including 'collectFieldsByKeyValuePair' which is highlighted.



At the end of the section we are going to add the following lines:

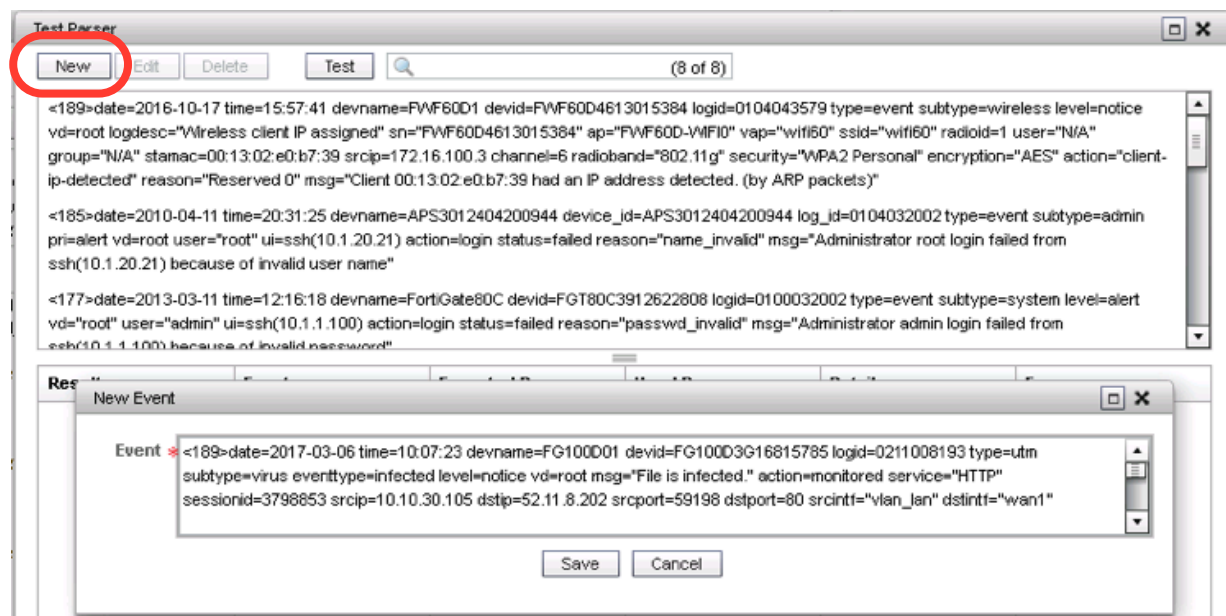
```
<attrKeyMap attr="virusName" key="virus"/>
<attrKeyMap attr="virusType" key="dtype"/>
```

It will look like this:

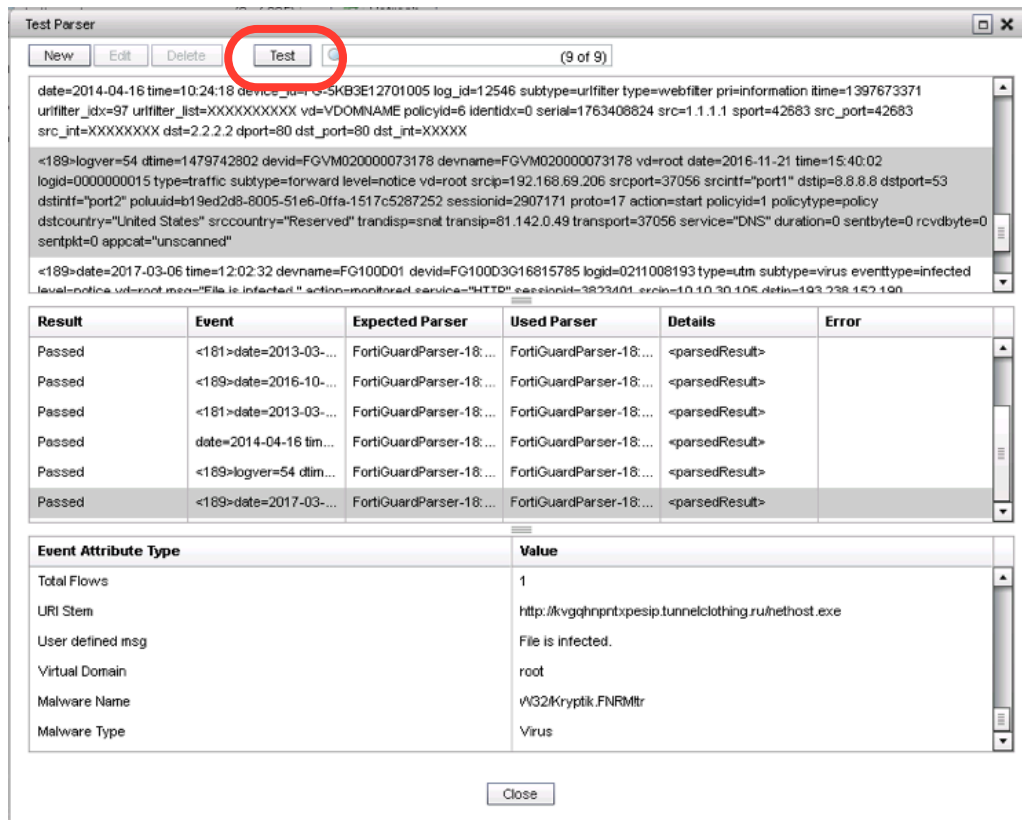


Now we need to validate and test the parser before use it.

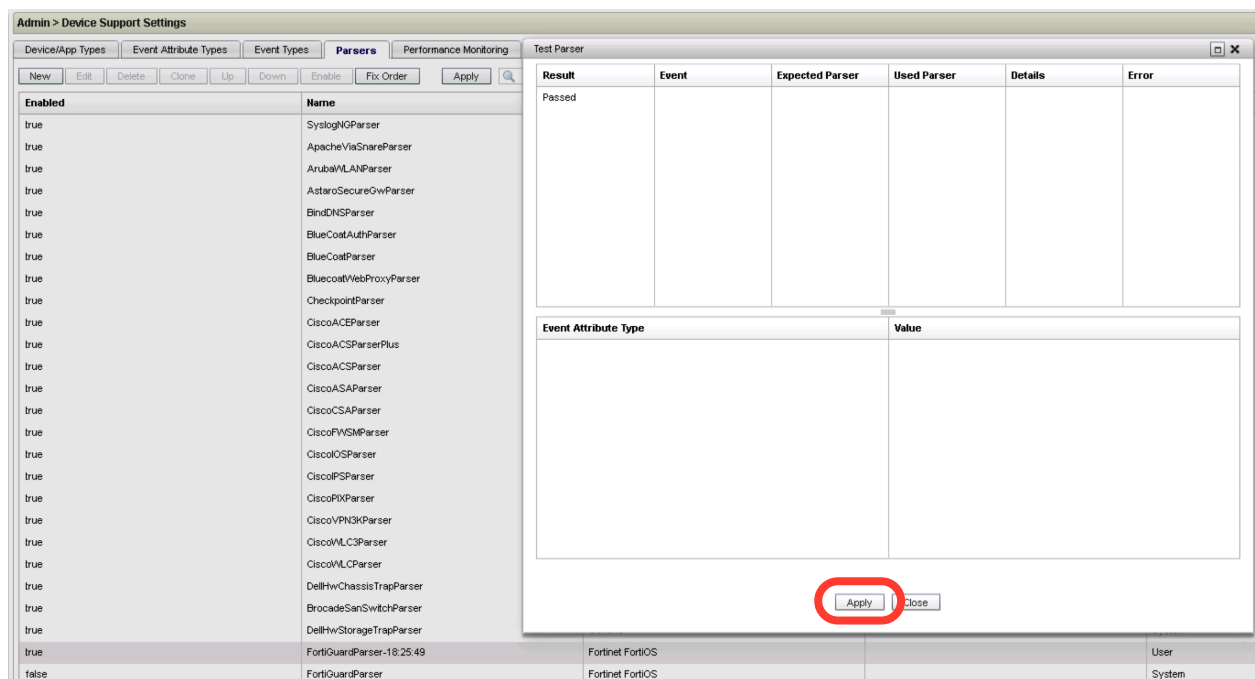
Click on “Test”, and then “New” for add the raw log we previously saved:



After save the log entry for test, we must select “Test” for start the parser validation. If all went ok you should be able to see that the last record which is the one we added manually now is able to identify the virus name and type as show in the following window:

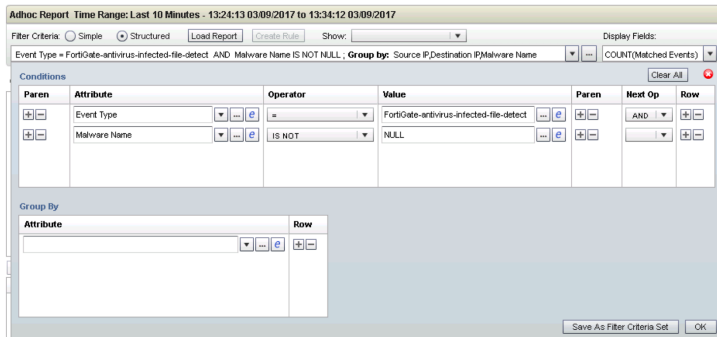


Save it, and don't forget to click on “Apply” on the Parser panel, that will run an extra test and after confirming the “Passed” result message, we are going to confirm again the “Apply” option.

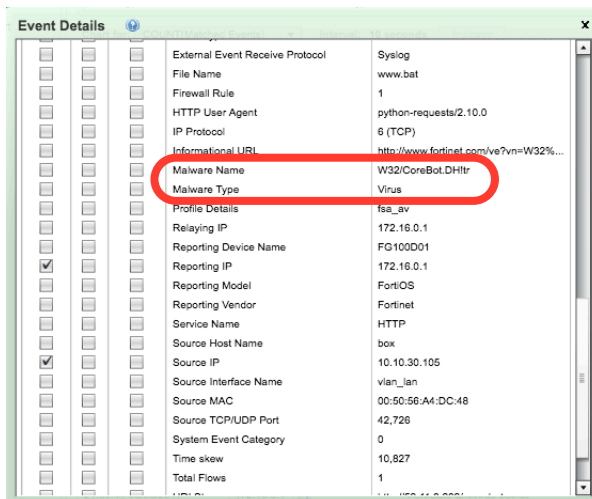


## 3.3 New Parser Validation

Go to: **Analytics > Real-Time Search**, and use the following query:

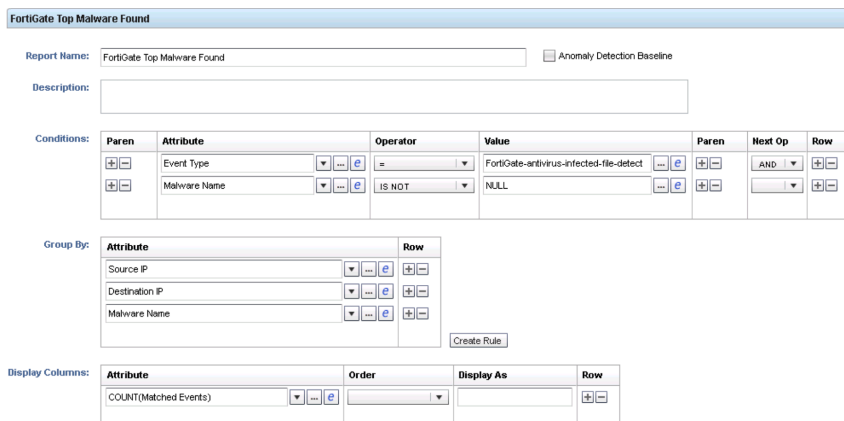


Then select one of the matched events, you will find that now the Malware Name and Malware fields has the malware details:



### 3.3.1 Reports and Dashboards

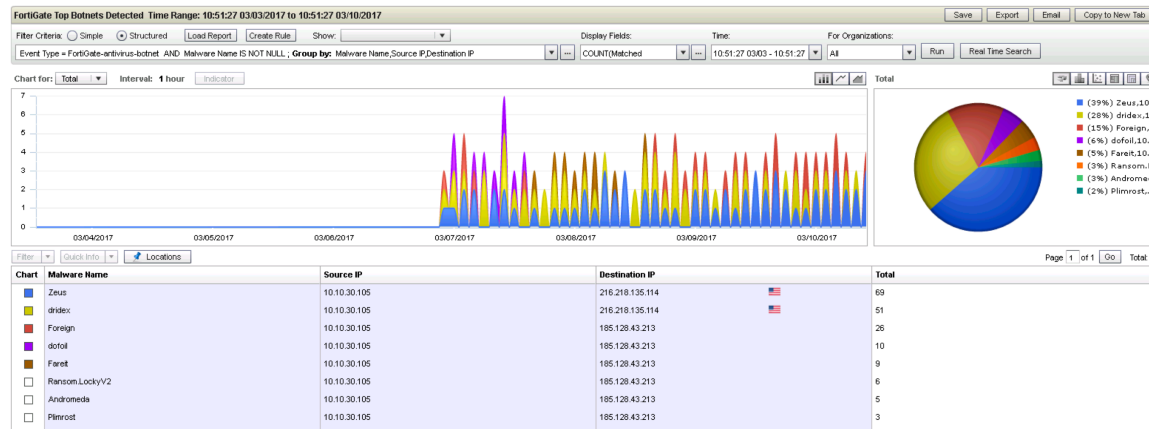
Now we can create queries like the following example:



After save the report we can execute it and show the result:



The parser correction enabled also to identify other “Event Types” like “FortiGate-Antivirus-Botnet” which will help us to identify botnet connections/callbacks like the following example:



We can also add those reports as widgets to create new Dashboards:

